Ball State University Audiology Clinic Child Case History

Name	Birth Date _		Age	Gender	OMOF
Audiologist	Grad. Clinician		Date		
Referral Source		Child's PCP	dan manakan dan sampungan pagan pagan pagan bahir di malaman kan dan sampungan bahir dan sampungan bahir dan s		
School					
1. Reason for Visit / Parental Concern	ı:				
2. Previous Hearing Evaluation: Ye					
When / Where:					
Results:					`
3. History of Ear Infections: ☐ Yes ☐					
Last occurrence:		First occurrence:			
Frequency:					`
Treatment: Antibiotics PE	Tubes (# of sets:)	r:		
4. Hearing Aids: Yes No					
Earfit: 🗆 RT 🗆 LT 🗀 AU	Make / Model:				
Age when first fit:	Hours us	sed per day:			
5. Prenatal, Birth, and Developmental	History				
a. Risk Factors 🚨 Check if no r	isk factors				
☐ Family History of Permanes Hearing Loss ☐ Mechanical Ventilation ☐ Craniofacial Anomalies ☐ Cytomegalovirus (CMV) ☐ Bacterial Meningitis ☐ In utero Infection ☐ Rubella ☐ Special Care / NICU (over 5		 ☐ Herpes ☐ Hyperbilirubinen ☐ Toxoplasmosis ☐ Ototoxic Medicat ☐ Genetic Syndrom ☐ Syphilis ☐ Extracorporeal M ☐ Other 	ions es Associated with	Hearing L	oss
Comments / Additional Inform	nation:				

	b.	Complications During Pregnancy None
		Describe:
	C.	Alcohol / drug use during pregnancy (prescription or non-prescription)
		Describe:
	d.	Normal delivery? ☐ Yes ☐ No
		Issues:
		,
	e.	Complications immediately following birth or during first two weeks 🔾 Yes 💢 No
		Describe:
	f.	Significant medical / health issues since birth Yes No
		Describe:
6.	Speech	/ Language History
	a.	Age of first word: First word:
	b.	How does child make his/her needs known:
		Is speech understood by others \(\mathbb{Q}\) Yes \(\mathbb{Q}\) No
7.	Develo	pmental Milestones
	a.	Developmental milestones met as expected 🖵 Yes 💢 No
		Comments:
	b.	Is child receiving therapy from other discipline (SLP, PT, OT, etc.) \square Yes \square No
		Comments:
3.	Comme	ents / Additional Information:
		
	-	

C. H. A. P. S.

Children's Auditory Performance Scale

by Walter J. Smoski, Ph.D., Michael A. Brunt, Ph.D., J. Curtis Tannahill, Ph.D.

		Age (years	months) [Date C	omp	letec	i			
Name of Person Completing CHA	PS	Relation	ship to Child							
PLEASE REA	AD INSTRUCTIONS CA	REFULLY						TY	TY	
background. Do not condition. For exunderstand when for all children. It condition than other children.	tions by comparing this child and answer the questions based ample, all 8-year-old children, allistening in a noisy room; this we however, some children may have a your must judge whether or in each listening condition cit bonse choices. CIRCLE a number	only on the difficulty to a certain extent, may ould be a difficult list have more difficulty in not THIS child has Med. Please make your.	of the listening by not hear and ening condition in this listening CORE difficulty judgment using	LESS DIFFICULTY	SAME AMOUNT OF DIFFICULTY	SLIGHTLY MORE DIFFICULTY	MORE DIFFICULTY	CONSIDERABLY MORE DIFFICULTY	SIGNIFICANTLY MORE DIFFICULTY	CANNOT FUNCTION AT ALL
CONDITION				ES	AM	FIG	IOR	NO	IGN	AN
NOISE TOTAL CONDITION SCORE	If listening in a room where there child has difficulty hearing and u 1. When paying attention 2. When being asked a question 3. When being given simple inst 4. When being given complicate 5. When not paying attention 6. When involved with other acti 7. When listening with a group of	ructions d, multiple instructions vities, i.e., coloring, reac	o other children of s	rs talki similar +1 +1 +1 +1 +1	ng, c age 0 0 0 0 0	hildre	en pla	aying	, etc.	_
QUIET	If listening in a quiet room (oth understanding compared to other	ers may be present, but	are being quiet), th	nis chi	ld ha	s dif	ficult	y he	aring	and
TOTAL CONDITION SCORE	8. When paying attention 9. When being asked a question 10. When being given simple inst 11. When being given complicate 12. When not paying attention 13. When involved with other act 14. When listening with a group of	ructions d, multiple instructions ivities, i.e., coloring reac	ling, etc.	+1 +1 +1 +1 +1	0 0 0 0 0 0	-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1	-2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2	-3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	-4 -4 -4 -4 -4	-5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5
IDEAL	When listening in a quiet room, in hearing an understanding compar	no distractions, face-to-fa	ace, and with good e	eye coı	ntact,	, this	child	has	diffic	culty
TOTAL CONDITION SCORE	15. When being asked a question 16. When being given simple inst 17. When being given complicate COMMENTS:	ructions		+1 +1	0		-2 -2 -2	-3 -3 -3	-4 -4 -4	-5 -5 -5
MULTIPLE INPUTS	When, in addition to listening, t difficulty hearing and understand	ing compared to other ch	ildren of similar age	and b	ackg	round	d.			
TOTAL CONDITION SCORE	18. When listening and watching19. When listening and reading a20. When listening and watching model, drawing, information	long when material is reasoneone provide an illu	stration, such as a	+1 +1	0	-1	-2	-3 -3	-4 -4 -4	-5 -5 -5

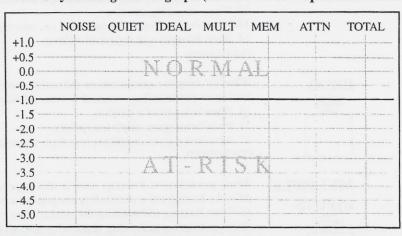
LISTENING CONDITION		LESS DIFFICULTY	SAME AMOUNT	SLIGHTLY MORE	MORE DIFFICULTY	CONSID. MORE	SIGNIFIC. MORE	CAN'T FUNCTION
AUDITORY	If required to recall spoken information, this child has difficulty hearing and understanding compared to other children of similar age and background	LES	SAM	SLIC	MO	CO	SIG	CA
MEMORY	21. Immediately recalling information such as a word, word spelling, numbers	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
SEQUENCING	22. Immediately recalling simple instructions	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
DEQUENCENTO	23. Immediately recalling multiple instructions	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
TOTAL CONDITION SCORE	24. Not only recalling information, but also the order and sequence of the information	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
	25. When delayed recollection (1 hour or more) of words, word spelling, numbers, etc. is required	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
	26. When delayed recollection (1 hour or more) of simple instructions is required	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5.
	27. When delayed recollection (1 hour or more) of multiple instructions is required	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
	28. When delayed recollection (24 hours or more) is required COMMENTS:	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
AUDITORY	If extended periods of listening are required, this child has difficulty paying atte is being said compared to other children of similar age and background.			t is, t	eing			
ATTENTION	29. When the listening time is less than 5 minutes	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
SPAN	30. When the listening time is 5-10 minutes	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
TOTAL	31 When the listening time is over 10 minutes	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
CONDITION SCORE	32. When listening in a quiet room	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
THE RESIDENCE OF	33 When listening in a noisy room	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5 -5
	34. When listening first thing in the morning	+1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	
	35. When listening near the end of the day, i.e., before supper time 36. When listening in a room where there are also visual distractions COMMENTS:	+1+1	0	-1 -1	-2 -2	-3 -3	-4 -4	-5 -5

SCORING: The CHAPS can be scored two ways. Add the circled responses for each condition and place the sum in the Total Condition Score box in under each listed listening condition. Be careful to note "+" and "-" values when adding. Transcribe these sums as indicated below and determine the average score for each listening condition. The Total Condition Scores can be compared to the indicated PASS and FAIL ranges and the appropriate box checked. In addition, the average condition scores can be plotted on the graph to display performance as compared to the normal range. See the CHAPS manual for more complete validity and interpretation information.

LISTENING CONDITION	TOTAL CONDITION SCORE			AVERAGE CONDITION SCORE		
NOISE	· ·	7 :	=		Pass	Risk
QUIET	÷	7 :	=		Pass	Risk
IDEAL	**************************************	3 :	=		Pass	Risk
MULTIPLE	+	3	=		Pass	Risk
MEMORY	+	8	=		Pass	Risk
ATTENTION	+	8	=	-	Pass	Risk
TOTAL	·	36	=		Pass	Risk
TOTAL CON	DITION S	CO	R	E:		

PASS RANGE +36 to -11
AT-RISK RANGE -12 to -130

CHAPS Listening Condition Analysis: Transfer Average Condition Scores by entering "X" on graph (round 0.5 scores up to next decimal).



NOTE: Children who score in the at-risk range on the CHAPS will not necessarily require a special condenses

FISHER'S AUDITORY PROBLEMS CHECKLIST

Student Name		D	istrict/Building
Date	Grade	Observer	Position
Please pla	ace a check mark before each ite	em that is considered to b	e a concern by the observer:
1.	Has a history of hearing loss.		
	Has a history of ear infection(s).		
	Does not pay attention (listen) to		e of the time.
	Does not listen carefully to direc		
	Says "Huh?" and "What?" at lea		
	Cannot attend to auditory stimul		
	Has a short attention span.		
	(if this item is checked,	0-2 minu	utes 5-15 minutes
	also check the most	(113-033sA)	
	appropriate time frame.)	2-5 minu	utes 15-30 minutes
8.	Daydreams - attention drifts - no	ot with it at times.	
9.	Is easily distracted by backgrour	nd sound(s).	
10.	Has difficulty with phonics.		
11.	Experiences problems with soun	d discrimination.	amiz amiz
12.	Forgets what is said in a few mir	nutes.	
13.	Does not remember simple routi	ne things from day to day	y.
14.	Displays problems recalling wha	at was heard last week, m	onth, year.
15.	Has difficulty recalling a sequen	ice that has been heard.	
16.	Experiences difficulty following	auditory directions.	
17.	Frequently misunderstands what	is said.	
18.	Does not comprehend many wor	ds - verbal concepts for a	age/grade level.
19.	Learns poorly through the audito	ory channel.	
20.]	Has a language problem (morph	ology, syntax, vocabulary	y, phonology).
21.	Has an articulation (phonology)	problem.	
22.	Cannot always relate what is hea	rd to what is seen.	
23.]	Lacks motivation to learn.		
24.]	Displays slow or delayed respons	se to verbal stimuli.	
25.]	Demonstrates below average per	formance in one or more	academic area(s).
Scoring:]	Four percent credit for each num	bered item not checked.	
	Number of items no	ot checkedx	(4=
	Normative data - gr	rade score from reverse s	ide

Fisher's Auditory Problems Checklist includes the following components of auditory processing:

Association	Localization
Attention	Long Term Memory
Attention Span	Motivation
Auditory-Visual Integration	Performance
Closure	Recognition
Comprehension	Sensitivity
Discrimination	Sequential Memory
Figure-Ground	Short Term Memory
Identification	Speech-Language Problems

NORMATIVE DATA FOR FISHER'S AUDITORY PROBLEMS CHECKLIST

GROUP	APPROXIMATE AGE RANGE	MEAN
Kindergarten	(Age 5.0 - 5.11)	92.0%
First	(Age 6.0 - 6.11)	89.9%
Second	(Age 7.0 - 7.11)	87.0%
Third	(Age 8.0 - 8.11)	85.6%
Fourth	(Age 9.0 - 9.11)	85.9%
Fifth	(Age 10.0 - 10.11)	87.4%
Sixth	(Age 11.0 - 11.11)	80.0%
Total Group (N=280)		86.8%
Cut-Off Score Suggestin	ng Need	
For Further Evaluation		72.0%
	following auditory discertors.	
One SD Below Group M	fean de la company de la compa	68.6%
Two SD Below Group M	lean ()	50.4%

Fisher, Lee I., Learning Disabilities and Auditory Processing.

In VanHattum, Rolland J. (Ed.), "Administration of Speech-Language Services In The Schools", College Hill Press, 1985, pp. 231-292.

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S.I.F.T.E.R.

SCREENING INSTRUMENT FOR TARGETING EDUCATIONAL RISK

by Karen L. Anderson, Ed.S., CCC-A

51	UDENT	TEACHER _				_ GRADE		
DA	TE COMPLETED SCHOOL				I	DISTRICT		
has	e above child is suspect for hearing problems which may or been designed to sift out students who are educationally	at risk possibly	as a	result of hearing	ng	problems.		
	sed on your knowledge from observations of this student, cir questions, please record any comments about the student						After answerin	ng
1.	What is your estimate of the student's class standing in comparison of that of his/her classmates?	UPPER 5	4	MIDDLE 3	2	LOWER 1	>	
2.	How does the student's achievement compare to your estimation of her/her potential?	EQUAL 5	4	LOWER 3	2	MUCH LOWER	ACADEMICS	
3.	What is the student's reading level, reading ability group or reading readiness group in the classroom (e.g., a student with average reading ability performs in the middle group)?	UPPER 5	4	MIDDLE 3	2	LOWER 1	MICS	
4.	How distractible is the student in comparison to his/her classmates?	NOT VERY 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	VERY 1	AT	
5.	What is the student's attention span in comparison to that of his/her classmates?	LONGER 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	SHORTER 1	ATTENTION	L
5.	How often does the student hesitate or become confused when responding to oral directions (e.g., "Turn to page")?	NEVER 5	4	CCASIONALLY 3	2	FREQUENTLY 1	N	
7.	How does the student's comprehension compare to the average understanding ability of her/her classmates?	ABOVE 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	BELOW 1	COM	
8.	How does the student's vocabulary and word usage skills compare with those of other students in his/her age group?	ABOVE 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	BELOW 1	COMMUNICATION	
9.	How proficient is the student at telling a story or relating happenings from home when compared to classmates?	ABOVE 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	BELOW I	NOITA	
10.	How often does the student volunteer information to class discussions or in answer to teacher questions?	FREQUENTLY 5	4	OCCASIONALLY 3	2	NEVER 1	CL	
11.	With what frequency does the student complete his/her class and homework assignments within the time allocated?	ALWAYS 5	4	USUALLY 3	2	SELDOM 1	CLASS	
12.	After instruction, does the student have difficulty starting to work (looks at other students working or asks for help)?	NEVER 5	4	OCCASIONALLY 3	2	FREQUENTLY 1	=	
13.	Does the student demonstrate any behaviors that seem unusual or inappropriate when compared to other students?	NEVER 5	4	OCCASIONALLY 3	2	FREQUENTLY		
14.	Does the student become frustrated easily, sometimes to the point of losing emotional control?	NEVER 5	4	OCCASIONALLY 3	2	FREQUENTLY	SCHOOL BEHAVIOR	
15.	In general, how would you rank the student's relationship with peers (ability to get along with others)?	GOOD 5	4	AVERAGE 3	2	POOR 1	OR.	

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ISBN 0-8134-2845-9

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TEACHER COMMENTS

Has this child repeated a grade, had frequent absences or experienced health problems (including ear infections and colds)? Has the student received, or is he/she now receiving, special support services? Does the child have any other health problems that may be pertinent to his/her educational functioning?

The S.I.F.T.E.R. is a SCREENING TOOL ONLY

Any student failing this screening in a content area as determined on the scoring grid below should be considered for further assessment, depending on his/her individual needs as per school district criteria. For example, failing in the Academics area suggests an educational assessment, in the Communication area a speech-language assessment, and in the School Behavior area an assessment by a psychologist or a social worker. Failing in the Attention and/or Class Participation area in combination with other areas may suggest an evaluation by an educational audiologist. Children placed in the marginal area are at risk for failing and should be monitored or considered for assessment depending upon additional information.

SCORING

Sum the responses to the three questions in each content area and record in the appropriate box on the reverse side and under Total Score below. Place an X on the number that corresponds most closely with the content area score (e.g., if a teacher circled 3, 4 and 2 for the questions in the Academics area, an X would be placed on the number 9 across from the Academics content area). Connect the X's to make a profile.

CONTENT AREA	TOTAL SCORE	PASS	MARGINAL	FAIL
ACADEMICS		15 14 13 12 11 10	9 8	7 6 5 4 3
ATTENTION		15 14 13 12 11 10 9	8 7	6 5 4 3
COMMUNICATION		15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8	7 6 5 4 3
PARTICIPATION		15 14 13 12 11 10 9	8 7	6 5 4 3
SOCIAL BEHAVIOR	1 2 3 3	15 14 13 12 11 10	9 8	7 6 5 4 3