

# **YOUR BENEFIT PLAN**

**BALL STATE UNIVERSITY**



**EMPLOYER: BALL STATE UNIVERSITY**

**PLAN NUMBER: GRH-697019**

**PLAN EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2014**

**BENEFITS UNDER THE GROUP SHORT TERM  
DISABILITY PLAN DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING  
PAGES ARE PROVIDED AND FUNDED BY THE EMPLOYER.**

**THE EMPLOYER HAS FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR  
PAYMENT OF ANY BENEFITS DUE ACCORDING  
TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PLAN.**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|                                  |    |
|----------------------------------|----|
| SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS .....       | 5  |
| ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT ..... | 5  |
| PERIOD OF COVERAGE .....         | 6  |
| BENEFITS .....                   | 7  |
| EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS ..... | 9  |
| GENERAL PROVISIONS .....         | 9  |
| DEFINITIONS .....                | 12 |

## SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

The Plan of short term Disability provides You with short term income protection if You become Disabled from a covered Injury, Sickness, or pregnancy.

### **Cost of Coverage:**

You must contribute towards the cost of coverage.

### **Eligible Class(es) For Coverage:**

All Full-time Active Employees who are service employees excluding staff, professional, faculty, temporary, leased or seasonal employees.

Full-time Employment: at least 40 hours weekly

### **Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage:**

The first day of the month following 90 day(s) of employment

The time period(s) referenced above are continuous. The Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage will be reduced by the period of time You were a Full-time Active Employee with the Employer under the Prior Plan.

### **Benefits Commence:**

- 1) for Disability caused by Injury: on the 8th consecutive day of Total Disability or Disabled and Working;
- 2) for Disability caused by Sickness: on the 8th consecutive day of Total Disability or Disabled and Working.

### **Weekly Benefit:**

The lesser of:

- 1) 80% of Your Pre-disability Earnings; or
- 2) \$1,500,

reduced by Other Income Benefits.

### **Maximum Duration of Benefits Payable:**

- 1) 25 week(s) if caused by Injury; or
- 2) 25 week(s) if caused by Sickness.

### **Additional Benefits:**

Disabled and Working Benefit  
See Benefit

Rehabilitative Employment Benefit  
See Benefit

## ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

### **Eligible Persons:** *Who is eligible for coverage?*

All persons in the class or classes shown in the Schedule of Benefits will be considered Eligible Persons.

### **Eligibility for Coverage:** *When will I become eligible?*

You will become eligible for coverage on the later of:

- 1) the Plan Effective Date; or
- 2) the date You complete the Eligibility Waiting Period for Coverage shown in the Schedule of Benefits, if applicable.

### **Enrollment:** *How do I enroll for coverage?*

All eligible Active Employees will be enrolled automatically by the Employer.

## PERIOD OF COVERAGE

### **Effective Date:** *When does my coverage start?*

If You are not required to contribute toward The Plan's cost, Your coverage will start on the date You become eligible.

If You must contribute toward The Plan's cost, Your coverage will start on the earliest of:

- 1) the date You become eligible, if You enroll or have enrolled by then;
- 2) the date on which You enroll, if You do so within 30 days after the date You are eligible; or
- 3) the date the Claims Administrator approves Your Evidence of Good Health, for benefit amounts requiring Evidence of Good Health; or

### **Deferred Effective Date:** *When will my effective date for coverage or a change in my coverage be deferred?*

If You are absent from work due to:

- 1) accidental bodily injury;
- 2) Sickness;
- 3) Mental Illness;
- 4) Substance Abuse; or
- 5) pregnancy;

on the date Your coverage, or increase in coverage, would otherwise have become effective, Your coverage, or increase in coverage will not become effective until You are Actively at Work one full day.

### **Changes in Coverage:** *Can I change my benefit options?*

You may decrease coverage, or increase coverage to a higher option. An increase in coverage will be subject to Your submission of an application that meets the approval of the Claims Administrator.

Any such increase in coverage is subject to the Deferred Effective Date.

### *Do coverage amounts change if there is a change in my class or my rate of pay?*

Your coverage may increase or decrease on the date there is a change in Your class or Pre-disability Earnings. However, no increase in coverage will be effective unless on that date You:

- 1) are an Active Employee; and
- 2) are not absent from work due to being Disabled. If You were so absent from work, the effective date of such increase will be deferred until You are Actively at Work for one full day.

No change in Your Pre-disability Earnings will become effective until the date the Claims Administrator receives notice of the change.

### *What happens if the Employer changes The Plan?*

Any increase or decrease in coverage because of a change in The Plan will become effective on the date of the change, subject to the Deferred Effective Date.

### **Continuity From A Prior Plan:** *Is there continuity of coverage from a Prior Plan?*

If You were:

- 1) insured under the Prior Plan; and
- 2) not eligible to receive benefits under the Prior Plan;

on the day before the Plan Effective Date, the Deferred Effective Date provision will not apply.

### **Termination:** *When will my coverage end?*

Your coverage will end on the earliest of the following:

- 1) the date The Plan terminates;
- 2) the date The Plan no longer covers Your class;
- 3) the last day of the period for which You make any required contribution;
- 4) the date Your Employer terminates Your employment; or
- 5) the date You cease to be a Full time Active Employee in an eligible class for any reason;

unless continued in accordance with one of the Continuation Provisions.

### **Continuation Provisions:** *Can my coverage be continued beyond the date it would otherwise terminate?*

Coverage can be continued by Your Employer beyond a date shown in the Termination provision, if Your Employer provides a plan of continuation which applies to all employees the same way. Continued coverage:

- 1) is subject to any reductions in The Plan; and

- 2) terminates if:
  - a) The Plan terminates; or
  - b) coverage for Your class terminates.

In any event, Your benefit level, or the amount of earnings upon which Your benefits may be based, will be that in effect on the day before Your coverage was continued. Coverage may be continued in accordance with the above restrictions and as described below:

**Leave of Absence:** If You are on a documented leave of absence, other than Family or Medical Leave, Your coverage may be continued for 6 months after the leave of absence commenced. If the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

**Military Leave of Absence:** If You enter active military service and are granted a military leave of absence in writing, Your coverage may be continued for up to 5 years, or longer if required by other applicable law. If the leave ends prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

**Family Medical Leave:** If You are granted a leave of absence, in writing, according to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, or other applicable state or local law, Your coverage may be continued for up to 12 weeks after or longer if required by other applicable law, following the date Your leave commenced. If the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date, this continuation will cease immediately.

**Coverage while Disabled:** *Does my coverage continue while I am Disabled and no longer an Active Employee?*

If You are Disabled and You cease to be an Active Employee, Your coverage will be continued:

- 1) while You remain Disabled; and
- 2) until the end of the period for which You are entitled to receive short term Disability Benefits.

After short term Disability benefit payments have ceased, Your coverage will be reinstated, provided:

- 1) You return to work for one full day as a Full-time Active Employee in an eligible class; and
- 2) The Plan remains in force.

**Extension of Coverage for Total Disability:** *Does coverage continue if The Plan terminates?*

If You are entitled to coverage while Disabled and The Plan terminates, coverage:

- 1) will continue as long as You remain Disabled by the same Disability; but
- 2) will not be provided beyond the date We would have ceased to pay coverage had the coverage remained in force.

Termination of The Plan for any reason will have no effect on The Employer's liability under this provision.

## **BENEFITS**

**Disability Benefit:** *What are my Disability Benefits under The Plan?*

If, while covered under this Benefit, You:

- 1) become Totally Disabled;
- 2) remain Totally Disabled; and
- 3) submit Proof of Loss to the Claims Administrator;

The Plan will pay the Weekly Benefit.

The amount of any Weekly Benefit payable will be reduced by:

- 1) the total amount of all Other Income Benefits, including any amount for which You could collect but did not apply; and
- 2) any income received from the Employer for the period You are Totally Disabled.

**Partial Week Payment:** *How is a benefit calculated for a period of less than a week?*

If a Weekly Benefit is payable for less than a week, The Plan will pay 1/7 of the Weekly Benefit for each day You were Disabled.

**Recurrent Disability:** *What happens to my benefits if I return to work as an Active Employee and then become Disabled again?*

When Your return to work as an Active Employee is followed by a Disability, and such Disability is:

- 1) due to the same cause; or
- 2) due to a related cause; and
- 3) within 15 consecutive calendar days of the return to work;

the Period of Disability prior to Your return to work and the recurrent Disability will be considered one Period of Disability, provided The Plan remains in force.

If You return to work as an Active Employee for 15 consecutive days or more, any recurrence of a Disability will be treated as a new Disability.

**Period of Disability** means a continuous length of time during which You are Disabled under The Plan.

**Multiple Causes:** *How long will benefits be paid if a period of Disability is extended by another cause?*

If a period of Disability is extended by a new cause while Weekly Benefits are payable, Weekly Benefits will continue while You remain Disabled, subject to the following:

- 1) Weekly Benefits will not continue beyond the end of the original Maximum Duration of Benefits; and
- 2) any Exclusions will apply to the new cause of Disability.

**Termination of Payment:** *When will my benefit payments end?*

Benefit payments will stop on the earliest of:

- 1) the date You are no longer Disabled;
- 2) the date You fail to furnish Proof of Loss;
- 3) the date You are no longer under the Regular Care of a Physician;
- 4) the date You refuse the Claims Administrator's request that You submit to an examination by a Physician or other qualified medical professional;
- 5) the date of Your death;
- 6) the date You refuse to receive recommended treatment that is generally acknowledged by Physicians to cure, correct or limit the disabling condition;
- 7) the last day benefits are payable according to the Maximum Duration of Benefits;
- 8) the date Your Current Weekly Earnings exceed 80% of Your Pre-disability Earnings if You are receiving benefits for being Disabled from Your Occupation; or
- 9) the date no further benefits are payable under any provision in The Plan that limits benefit duration.

**Disabled and Working Benefits:** *How are benefits paid when I am Disabled and Working?*

If, while covered under this benefit, You are Disabled and Working, as defined, the Claims Administrator will use the following calculation to determine Your Weekly Benefit:

$$\text{Weekly Benefit} = \frac{\mathbf{A - B}}{\mathbf{A}} \times \mathbf{C}$$

Where

**A** = Your Weekly Pre-disability Earnings.

**B** = Your Current Weekly Earnings.

**C** = The Weekly Benefit payable if You were Totally Disabled.

If You are participating in a program of Rehabilitative Employment approved by the Claims Administrators, the Claims Administrator will determine Your Weekly Benefit by the Rehabilitative Employment Benefit.

Days which You are Disabled and Working may be used to satisfy the Benefits Commence Period.

**Rehabilitative Employment Benefit:** *What happens to my benefits if I accept Rehabilitative Employment?*

If, while You are Totally Disabled or Disabled and Working, You accept Rehabilitative Employment, the Claims Administrator will continue to pay a Weekly Benefit.

The Weekly Benefit the Claims Administrator will pay will be equal to Your Total Disability Weekly Benefit, less 50% of any income received from the Rehabilitative Employment.

The sum of the Weekly Benefit and total income received from Rehabilitative Employment may not exceed 100% of Your Pre-disability Earnings. If this sum exceeds the Pre-disability Earnings, the Weekly Benefit paid by the Claims Administrator will be reduced by the excess amount.

The Claims Administrator reserves the right to review any Rehabilitative Employment You participate in while benefits are being paid under The Plan.



If You remain Totally Disabled or Disabled and Working after a period of Rehabilitative Employment, You may continue to receive benefits under the Total Disability Benefit or Disabled and Working Benefit, subject to the Maximum Payment Period for such benefit.

## EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

### **Exclusions:** *What Disabilities are not covered?*

The Plan does not cover, and will not pay a benefit for any Disability:

- 1) unless You are under the Regular Care of a Physician;
- 2) that is caused or contributed to by war or act of war (declared or not);
- 3) caused by Your commission of or attempt to commit a felony;
- 4) caused or contributed to by Your being engaged in an illegal occupation; or
- 5) caused or contributed to by an intentionally self inflicted Injury.

If You are receiving or are eligible for benefits for a Disability under a prior disability plan that:

- 1) was sponsored by the Employer; and
- 2) was terminated before the Effective Date of The Plan;

no benefits will be payable for the Disability under The Plan.

## GENERAL PROVISIONS

### **Claims Administrator:** *What is the role of the Claims Administrator?*

The Claims Administrator is delegated the duties of the Employer to:

- 1) determine benefits payable according to the terms and conditions of The Plan; and
- 2) make payment for benefits payable.

However, the Employer has the responsibility for deciding appeals of claims which were initially denied by the Claims Administrator, and for making final determinations regarding eligibility for coverage.

### **Notice of Claim:** *When should the Claims Administrator be notified of a claim?*

You, your supervisor or your physician must give the Claims Administrator notice of claim by calling the special claims telephone number provided to Employees. Such notice must be given on the fifth day of an absence due to the same or a related Disability.

### **Claim Forms:** *Are special forms required to file a claim?*

The Claims Administrator will send forms to You to provide Proof of Loss, within 15 days of receiving a Notice of Claim. If the Claims Administrator does not send the forms within 15 days, You may submit any other telephonic proof which fully describes the nature and extent of Your claim.

Proof of loss is typically provided by telephone; however, if forms are required, they will be sent to You for providing Proof of Loss within 15 days after a notice of claim.

### **Proof of Loss:** *What is Proof of Loss?*

Proof of Loss may include but is not limited to the following:

- 1) documentation of:
  - a) the date Your Disability began;
  - b) the cause of Your Disability;
  - c) the prognosis of Your Disability;
  - d) Your Pre-disability Earnings, Current Weekly Earnings or any income, including but not limited to copies of Your filed and signed federal and state tax returns; and
  - e) evidence that You are under the Regular Care of a Physician;
- 2) any and all medical information, including x-ray films and photocopies of medical records, including histories, physical, mental or diagnostic examinations and treatment notes;
- 3) the names and addresses of all:
  - a) Physicians or other qualified medical professionals You have consulted;
  - b) hospitals or other medical facilities in which You have been treated; and
  - c) pharmacies which have filled Your prescriptions within the past three years;

- 4) Your signed authorization for the Claims Administrator to obtain and release:
  - a) medical, employment and financial information; and
  - b) any other information the Claims Administrator may reasonably require;
- 5) Your signed statement identifying all Other Income Benefits; and
- 6) proof that You and Your dependents have applied for all Other Income Benefits which are available.

You will not be required to claim any retirement benefits which You may only get on a reduced basis. All proof submitted must be satisfactory to the Claims Administrator.

**Additional Proof of Loss:** *What additional proof of loss is the Claims Administrator entitled to?*

To assist the Claims Administrator in determining if You are Disabled, or to determine if You meet any other term or condition of The Plan, the Claims Administrator has the right to require You to:

- 1) meet and interview with the Claims Administrator; and
- 2) be examined by a Physician, vocational expert, functional expert, or other medical or vocational professional of the Claims Administrator's choice.

Any such interview, meeting or examination will be:

- 1) at the Claims Administrator's expense; and
- 2) as reasonably required by the Claims Administrator.

Your Additional Proof of Loss must be satisfactory to the Claims Administrator. Unless the Claims Administrator determines You have a valid reason for refusal, the Claims Administrator may deny, suspend or terminate Your benefits if You refuse to be examined or meet to be interviewed by the Claims Administrator.

**Sending Proof of Loss:** *When must proof of Loss be given?*

Written Proof of Loss must be sent to the Claims Administrator within 90 day(s) after the start of the period for which the Claims Administrator is liable for payment. If proof is not given by the time it is due, it will not affect the claim if:

- 1) it was not possible to give proof within the required time; and
- 2) proof is given as soon as possible; but
- 3) not later than 1 year after it is due, unless You are not legally competent.

The Claims Administrator may request Proof of Loss throughout Your Disability. In such cases, the Claims Administrator must receive the proof within 30 day(s) of the request.

**Claim Payment:** *When are benefit payments issued?*

When the Claims Administrator determines that You:

- 1) are Disabled; and
- 2) eligible to receive benefits;

the Claims Administrator will pay accrued benefits at the end of each month that You are Disabled. The Claims Administrator may, at their option, make an advance benefit payment based on the Claims Administrator's estimated duration of Your Disability. If any payment is due after a claim is terminated, it will be paid as soon as Proof of Loss satisfactory to the Claims Administrator is received.

**Claims to be Paid:** *To whom will benefits for my claim be paid?*

All payments are payable to You. Any payments owed at Your death may be paid to Your estate. If any payment is owed to:

- 1) Your estate;
- 2) a person who is a minor; or
- 3) a person who is not legally competent;

then the Claims Administrator may pay up to \$1,000 to a person who is Related to You and who, at the Claim Administrator's sole discretion, is entitled to it. Any such payment shall fulfill the Claim Administrator's responsibility for the amount paid.

**Claim Denial:** *What notification will I receive if my claim is denied?*

If a claim for benefits is wholly or partly denied, You will be furnished with written notification of the decision. This written notification will:

- 1) give the specific reason(s) for the denial;
- 2) make specific reference to The Plan provisions on which the denial is based;
- 3) provide a description of any additional information necessary to perfect a claim and an explanation of why it is necessary; and
- 4) provide an explanation of the review procedure.

**Claim Appeal:** *What recourse do I have if my claim is denied?*

On any claim, You or Your representative may appeal to for a full and fair review. To do so You:

- 1) must request a review upon written application within:
  - a) 180 days of receipt of claim denial if the claim requires to make a determination of disability; or
  - b) 60 days of receipt of claim denial if the claim does not require to make a determination of disability; and
- 2) may request copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to Your claim; and
- 3) may submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to Your claim.

will respond to You in writing with the final decision on the claim.

**Social Security:** *When must I apply for Social Security Benefits?*

The Employer may require that You apply for Social Security disability benefits when the length of Your Disability meets the minimum duration required to apply for such benefits. You must apply within 45 days from the date of the request. If the Social Security Administration denies Your eligibility for benefits, You will be required:

- 1) to follow the process established by the Social Security Administration to reconsider the denial; and
- 2) if denied again, to request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Hearing and Appeals.

**Benefit Estimates:** *How does the Claims Administrator estimate Disability benefits under the United States Social Security Act?*

The Claims Administrator reserves the right to reduce Your Weekly Benefit by estimating the Social Security disability benefits You or Your spouse and children may be eligible to receive.

When the Claims Administrator determines that You or Your Dependent may be eligible for benefits, the Claims Administrator may estimate the amount of these benefits. The Claims Administrator may reduce Your Weekly Benefit by the estimated amount.

Your Weekly Benefit will not be reduced by estimated Social Security disability benefits if:

- 1) You apply for Social Security disability benefits and pursue all required appeals in accordance with the Social Security provision; and
- 2) You have signed a form authorizing the Social Security Administration to release information about awards directly to the Claims Administrator.

If the Claims Administrator has reduced Your Weekly Benefit by an estimated amount and:

- 1) You or Your Dependent are later awarded Social Security disability benefits, the Claims Administrator will adjust Your Weekly Benefit when the Claims Administrator receives proof of the amount awarded, and determine if it was higher or lower than the Claims Administrator estimates; or
- 2) Your application for Social Security disability benefits has been denied, the Claims Administrator will adjust Your Weekly Benefit when You provide the Claims Administrator proof of final denial from which You cannot appeal from an Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Hearing and Appeals.

If Your Social Security benefits were lower than the Claims Administrator estimated, and the Claims Administrator owes You a refund, the Claims Administrator will make such refund in a lump sum. If Your Social Security Benefits were higher than the Claims Administrator estimated, and If Your Weekly Benefit has been overpaid, You must make a lump sum refund to the Claims Administrator equal to all overpayments, in accordance with the Overpayment Recovery provision

**Subrogation:** *What are the Employer's subrogation rights?*

If You:

- 1) suffer a Disability because of the act or omission of a Third Party;
- 2) become entitled to and are paid benefits under The Plan in compensation for lost wages; and
- 3) do not initiate legal action for the recovery of such benefits from the Third Party in a reasonable period of time;

then the Employer will be subrogated to any rights You may have against the Third Party and may, at its option, bring legal action against the Third Party to recover any payments made by The Plan in connection with the Disability.

**Third Party** as used in this provision means any person or legal entity whose act or omission, in full or in part, causes You to suffer a Disability for which benefits are paid or payable under The Plan.

**Legal Actions:** *When can legal action be taken against the Employer?*

Legal action cannot be taken against the Employer:

- 1) sooner than 60 days after the date proof of loss is furnished; or
- 2) more than 3 years after the date Proof of Loss is required to be furnished according to the terms of The Plan.

**Misstatements:** *What happens if facts are misstated?*

If material facts about You were not stated accurately, the true facts will be used to determine if, and for what amount, coverage should have been in force.

**Plan Interpretation:** *Who interprets the terms and conditions of The Plan?*

The Employer has full discretion and authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to construe and interpret all terms and provisions of The Plan.

## DEFINITIONS

**Actively at Work** means at work with Your Employer on a day that is one of Your Employer's scheduled workdays. On that day, You must be performing for wage or profit all of the regular duties of Your Occupation:

- 1) in the usual way; and
- 2) for Your usual number of hours.

You will be considered Actively at Work on a day that is not a scheduled work day only if You were Actively at Work on the preceding scheduled work day.

**Active Employee** means an employee who works for the Employer on a regular basis in the usual course of the Employer's business. This must be at least the number of hours shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

**Claims Administrator** means Hartford Comprehensive Employee Benefit Service Company (HARTFORD CEBSCO).

**Current Weekly Earnings** means Weekly earnings You receive from:

- 1) Your Employer; and
- 2) other employment;

while You are Disabled and eligible for the Disabled and Working Benefit.

However, if the other employment is a job You held in addition to Your job with Your Employer, then during any period that You are entitled to benefits for being Disabled from Your Occupation, only the portion of Your earnings that exceeds Your average earnings from the other employer over the 6 month period just before You became Disabled will count as Current Weekly Earnings.

Current Weekly Earnings also includes the pay You could have received for another job or a modified job if:

- 1) such job was offered to You by Your Employer, or another employer, and You refused the offer; and
- 2) the requirements of the position were consistent with:
  - a) Your education, training and experience; and
  - b) Your capabilities as medically substantiated by Your Physician.

**Disabled and Working** means that You are prevented by:

- 1) Injury;
- 2) Sickness;
- 3) Mental Illness;
- 4) Substance Abuse; or
- 5) pregnancy

from performing some, but not all of the Essential Duties of Your Occupation, are working on a part-time or limited duty basis, and as a result, Your Current Weekly Earnings are more than 20%, but are less than or equal to 80% of Your Pre-disability Earnings.

**Disability or Disabled** means Total Disability or Disabled and Working Disability.

**Essential Duty** means a duty that:

- 1) is substantial, not incidental;
- 2) is fundamental or inherent to the occupation; and
- 3) cannot be reasonably omitted or changed.

Your ability to work the number of hours in Your regularly scheduled workweek is an Essential Duty.

**Injury** means bodily injury resulting:

- 1) directly from accident; and
- 2) independently of all other causes;

which occurs while You are covered under The Plan. However, an Injury will be considered a Sickness if Your Disability begins more than 30 days after the date of the accident.

**Mental Illness** means a mental disorder as listed in the current version of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association. A Mental Illness may be caused by biological factors or result in physical symptoms or manifestations.

For the purpose of The Plan, Mental Illness does not include the following mental disorders outlined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders:

- 1) Mental Retardation;
- 2) Pervasive Developmental Disorders;
- 3) Motor Skills Disorder;
- 4) Substance-Related Disorders;
- 5) Delirium, Dementia, and Amnesic and Other Cognitive Disorders; or
- 6) Narcolepsy and Sleep Disorders related to a General Medical Condition.

**Other Income Benefits** means the amount of any benefit for loss of income, provided to You or Your family, as a result of the period of Disability for which You are claiming benefits under The Plan. This includes any such benefits for which You or Your family are eligible or that are paid to You, or Your family or to a third party on Your behalf, pursuant to any:

- 1) temporary, permanent disability, or impairment benefits under a Workers' Compensation Law, the Jones Act, occupational disease law, similar law or substitutes or exchanges for such benefits;
- 2) governmental law or program that provides disability or unemployment benefits as a result of Your job with Your Employer;
- 3) plan or arrangement of coverage, whether insured or not, which is received from Your Employer as a result of employment by or association with Your Employer or which is the result of membership in or association with any group, association, union or other organization;
- 4) individual insurance policy where the premium is wholly or partially paid by Your Employer;
- 5) mandatory "no fault" automobile insurance plan;
- 6) disability benefits under:
  - a) the United States Social Security Act or alternative plan offered by a state or municipal government;
  - b) the Railroad Retirement Act;
  - c) the Canada Pension Plan, the Canada Old Age Security Act, the Quebec Pension Plan or any provincial pension or disability plan; or
  - d) similar plan or act;that You, Your spouse and/or children are eligible to receive because of Your Disability; or
- 7) disability benefit from the Department of Veterans Affairs, or any other foreign or domestic governmental agency:
  - a) that begins after You become Disabled; or
  - b) that You were receiving before becoming Disabled, but only as to the amount of any increase in the benefit attributed to Your Disability.

Other Income Benefits also means any payments that are made to You or Your family, or to a third party on Your behalf, pursuant to any:

- 1) temporary, permanent disability or impairment benefits under a Workers' Compensation Law, the Jones Act, occupational disease law, similar law or substitutes or exchanges for such benefits;
- 2) portion of a settlement or judgment, minus associated costs, of a lawsuit that represents or compensates for Your loss of earnings; or
- 3) retirement benefits under:
  - a) the United States Social Security Act or alternative plan offered by a state or municipal government;
  - b) the Railroad Retirement Act;
  - c) the Canada Pension Plan, the Canada Old Age Security Act, the Quebec Pension Plan or any provincial pension or disability plan; or
  - d) similar plan or act;that You, Your spouse and/or children receive because of Your retirement, unless You were receiving them prior to becoming Disabled.

**Physician** means a person who is:

- 1) a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, psychology or other legally qualified practitioner of a healing art that the Claims Administrator recognize or are required by law to recognize;
- 2) licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where care is being given;
- 3) practicing within the scope of that license; and

- 4) not Related to You by blood or marriage.

**Pre-disability Earnings** means Your regular weekly rate of pay as reported by the Employer, based on academic or fiscal year assignments, including Your Employer's contribution to retirement programs (3% "pick-up") made on Your behalf, in effect on the date immediately prior to the date You became Disabled.

For hourly paid Active Employees, Earnings includes shift premium, but does not include commissions, bonuses, overtime pay or any other extra compensation.

**Prior Plan** means the short term disability plan carried by the Employer on the day before the Plan Effective Date.

**Regular Care of a Physician** means that You are being treated by a Physician:

- 1) whose medical training and clinical experience are suitable to treat Your disabling condition; and
- 2) whose treatment is:
  - a) consistent with the diagnosis of the disabling condition;
  - b) according to guidelines established by medical, research, and rehabilitative organizations; and
  - c) administered as often as needed;to achieve the maximum medical improvement.

**Rehabilitative Employment** means employment or service which:

- 1) prepares a Disabled person to resume gainful work; and
- 2) is approved, in writing, by the Claims Administrator.

**Related** means Your spouse or other adult living with You, sibling, parent, step-parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, son, daughter, or grandchild.

**Sickness** means a Disability which is:

- 1) caused or contributed to by:
  - a) any condition, illness, disease or disorder of the body;
  - b) any infection, except a pus-forming infection of an accidental cut or wound or bacterial infection resulting from an accidental ingestion of a contaminated substance;
  - c) hernia of any type unless it is the immediate result of an accidental Injury covered by The Plan; or
  - d) pregnancy;
- 2) caused or contributed to by any medical or surgical treatment for a condition shown in item 1) above.

**Substance Abuse** means the pattern of pathological use of alcohol or other psychoactive drugs and substances characterized by:

- 1) impairments in social and/or occupational functioning;
- 2) debilitating physical condition;
- 3) inability to abstain from or reduce consumption of the substance; or
- 4) the need for daily substance use to maintain adequate functioning.

Substance includes alcohol and drugs but excludes tobacco and caffeine.

**The Plan** means the Plan which the Claims Administrator issued to the Contractholder under the Plan number in the Schedule of Benefits.

**Total Disability or Totally Disabled** means that You are prevented by:

- 1) Injury;
- 2) Sickness;
- 3) Mental Illness;
- 4) Substance Abuse; or
- 5) pregnancy;

from performing the Essential Duties of Your Occupation, and as a result, You are earning less than 20% of Your Pre-disability Earnings.

**Your Occupation** means Your Occupation as it is recognized in the general workplace. Your Occupation does not mean the specific job You are performing for a specific employer or at a specific location.

**You or Your** means the person to whom this Plan is issued.

